



Stormwater management through Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems: a study in the climatic context of the Venetian Plain

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SUDS



Stormwater management systems that mimic natural drainage processes to reduce the effect of urbanization on the quality and quantity of stormwater runoff

BENEFIT	WHAT IT COVERS
Flood risk management	Impact on people and property
Water quality management	Surface water quality improvements to aesthetics, health, biodiversity, etc
Groundwater recharge	Improved water availability or quality
Pumping wastewater	Reduced flow of wastewater to treatment works
Rainwater harvesting	Reduced flows in sewers, pollution or dependence on potable water
Treating wastewater	Reduced volume of wastewater to treat from combined drainage systems
Climate change adaptation	Improved ability to make incremental changes and adapt infrastructure (no regrets)

SUDS can also deliver additional benefits

BENEFIT	WHAT IT COVERS
Biodiversity and ecology	Sites of ecological value
Amenity	Attractiveness and desirability of an area
Health and wellbeing	Physical, emotional, mental health benefits from recreation and aesthetics
Air quality	Impact on health from air pollution control
Carbon reduction and sequestration	Operational and embodied carbon reduction together with sequestration
Economic growth	Business, jobs and productivity
Tourism	Attractiveness of touristic sites
Education	Enhanced educational opportunities



URBAN SPRAWL IN THE VENETO REGION

1983 – 2006

~350 km²
(1.8% of total surface)



SUDS solutions



Two Research projects funded by University of Padova

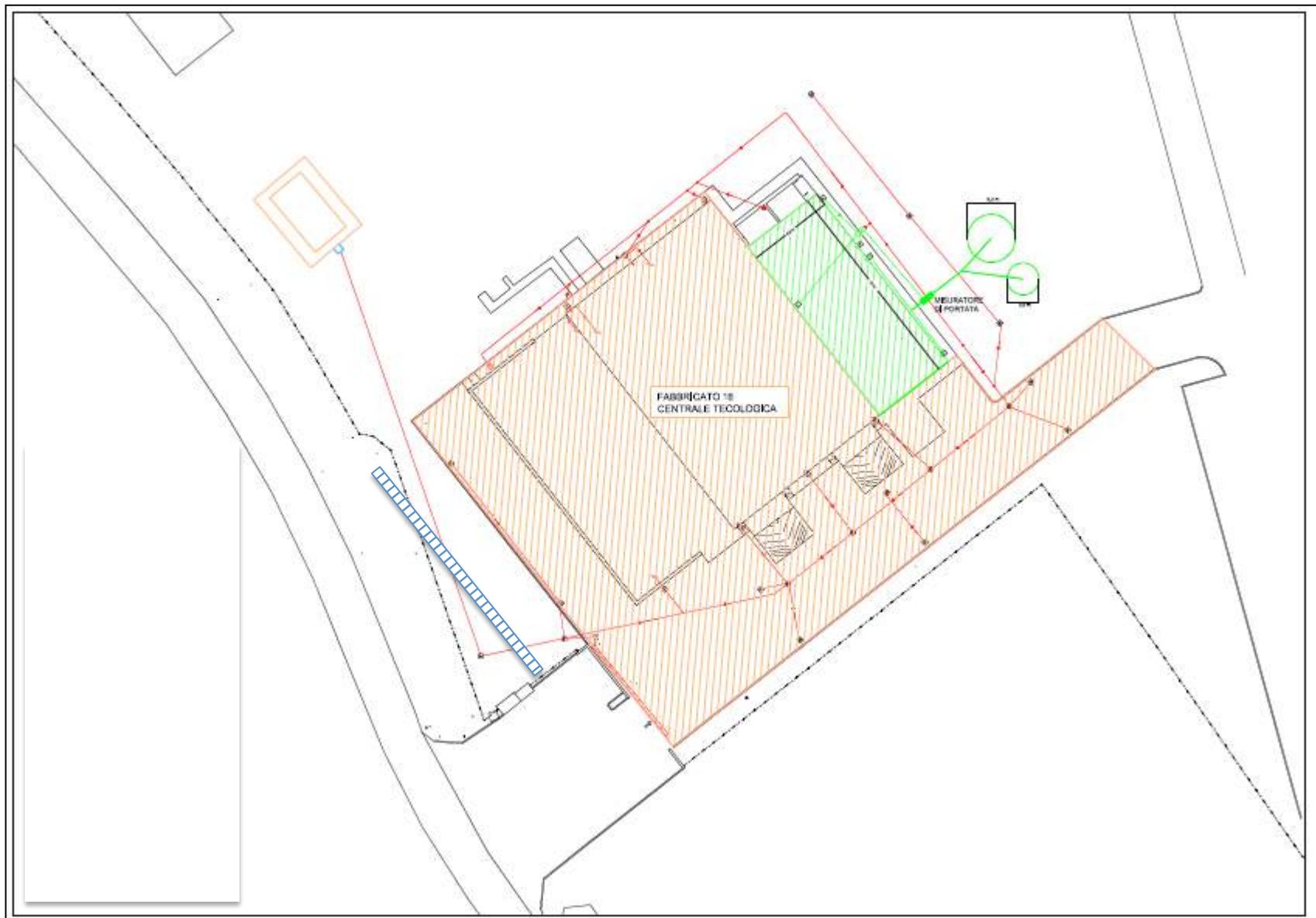
1. *Green structures for runoff control in urban environments*

2. *In situ sustainable management of stormwater runoff by mean of green roofs: evaluation of systems suitable for Venetian Plain*

MAIN PURPOSES

- i) study effect and performance of SUDS in stormwater management within the climatic context of the Venetian Plain,
- ii) evaluate the plant species adaptation to the particular conditions of SUDS
- iii) provide students and stakeholders of real and innovative examples of design solutions for stormwater management in urban areas,
- iv) establish a reference hotspot from which practitioners and public administrations can obtain information bringing to include these solutions in urban planning as well as in specific public/private designs





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Bioretention pond



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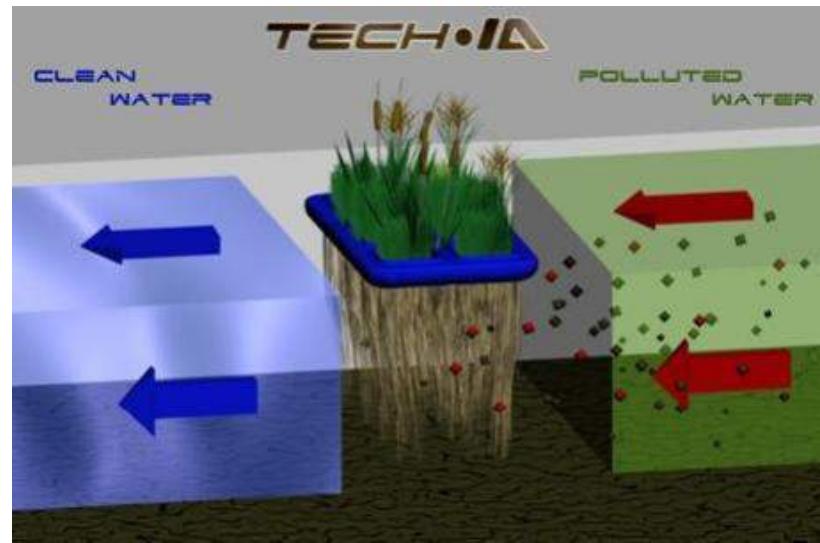
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Bioretention pond - MATERIAL AND METHODS

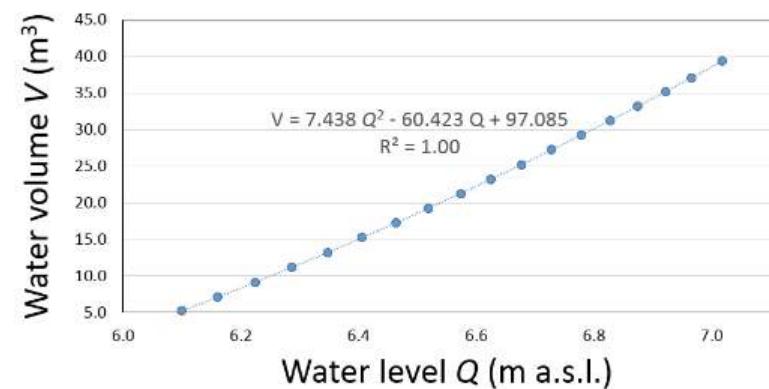
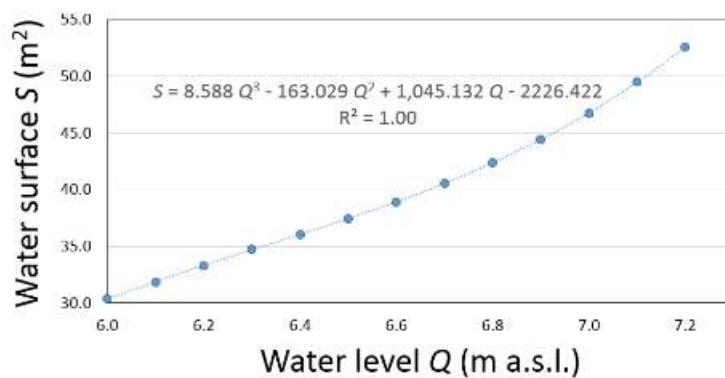
- *Alisma parviflora* (12)
- *Bacopa caroliniana* (24)
- *Caltha palustris* (24)
- *Iris "Black Gamecock"* (20)
- *Lysimachia punctata* (24)
- *Lythrum salicaria* (24)
- *Mentha aquatica* (24)
- *Oenanthe javanica "Flamingo"* (24)
- *Phalaris arundinacea "Picta"* (24)
- *Typha laxmannii* (24)



Bioretention pond - MATERIAL AND METHODS



Bioretention pond - MATERIAL AND METHODS

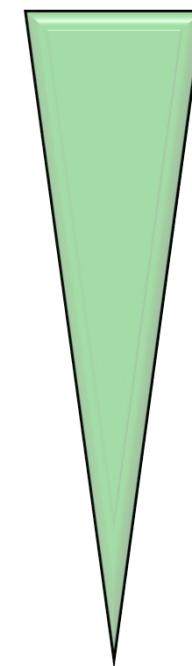


Bioretention pond - RESULTS

- *Typha laxmannii*
- *Bacopa caroliniana*
- *Phalaris arundinacea "Picta"*
- *Mentha aquatica**
- *Caltha palustris*
- *Lysimachia punctata*
- *Oenanthe javanica "Flamingo"*
- *Lythrum salicaria*
- *Alisma parviflora*
- *Iris "Black Gamecock"*

* = invasive

EXCELLENT



INSUFFICIENT



Bioretention pond

Sept 2016



Rain Garden



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Rain garden – MATERIAL AND METHODS



Rain garden – MATERIAL AND METHODS



Echinacea viola - *Echinacea purpurea 'The king'*



Giaggiolo d'acqua - *Iris pseudacorus*

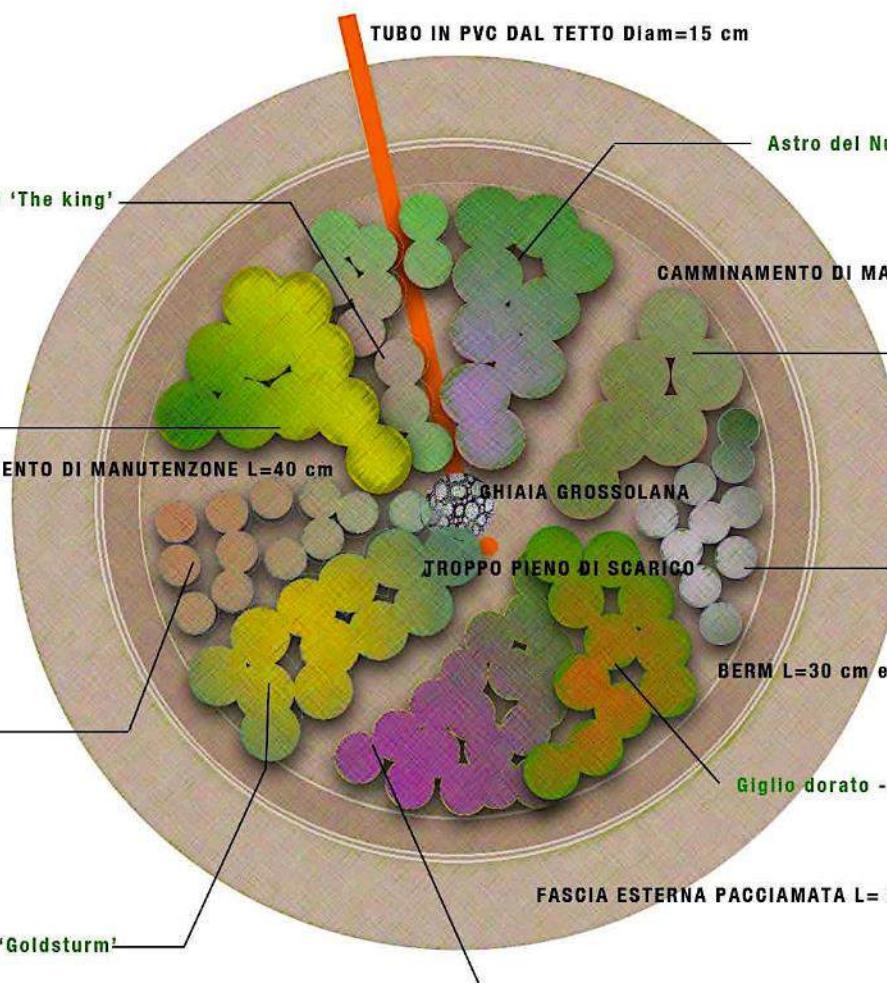


Carice del cuoio - *Carex buchananii*



Rudbeckia gialla - *Rudbeckia fulgida 'Goldsturm'*

Scala 1:50



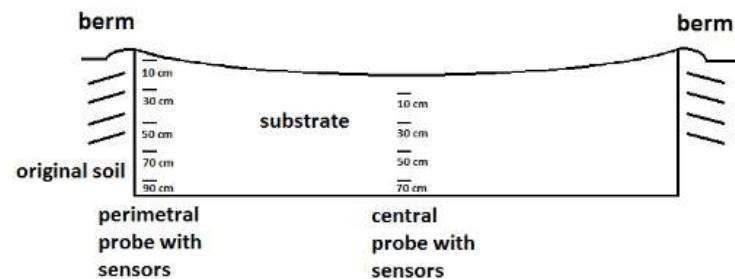
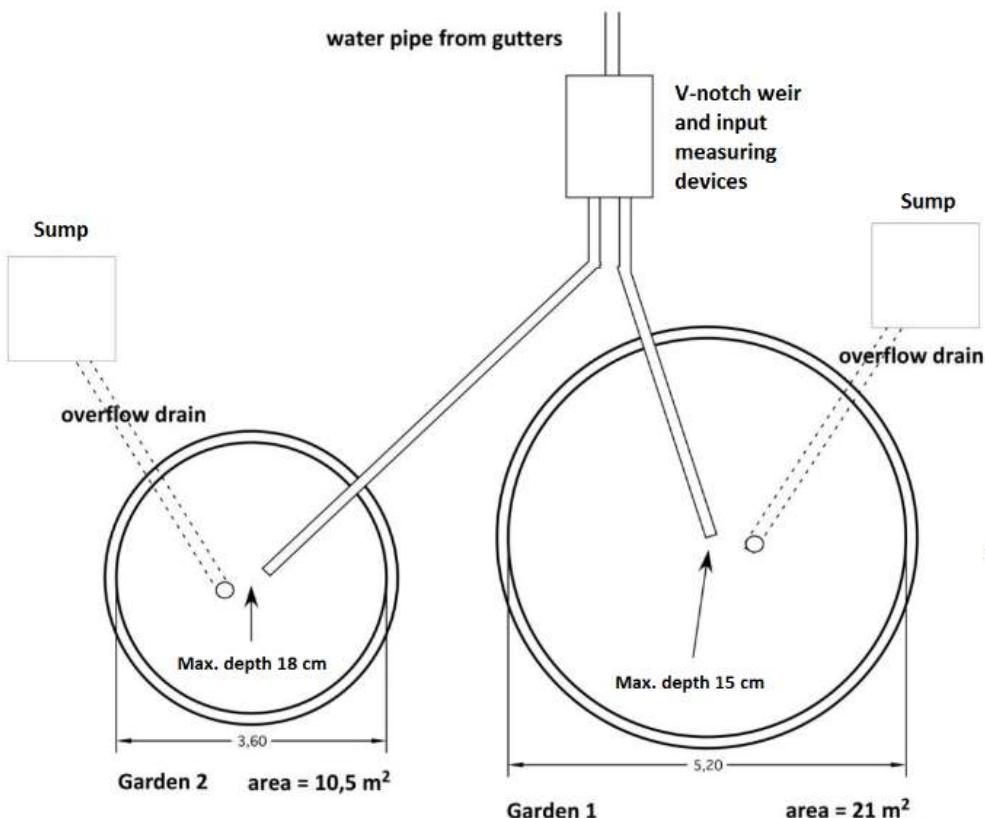
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Rain garden – MATERIAL AND METHODS



Rain garden – MATERIAL AND METHODS

$$\text{INFILTRATION} = (\text{RUNOFF} + \text{RAIN}) - (\text{ET} + \text{OVERFLOW})$$

Input volumes

Output volumes

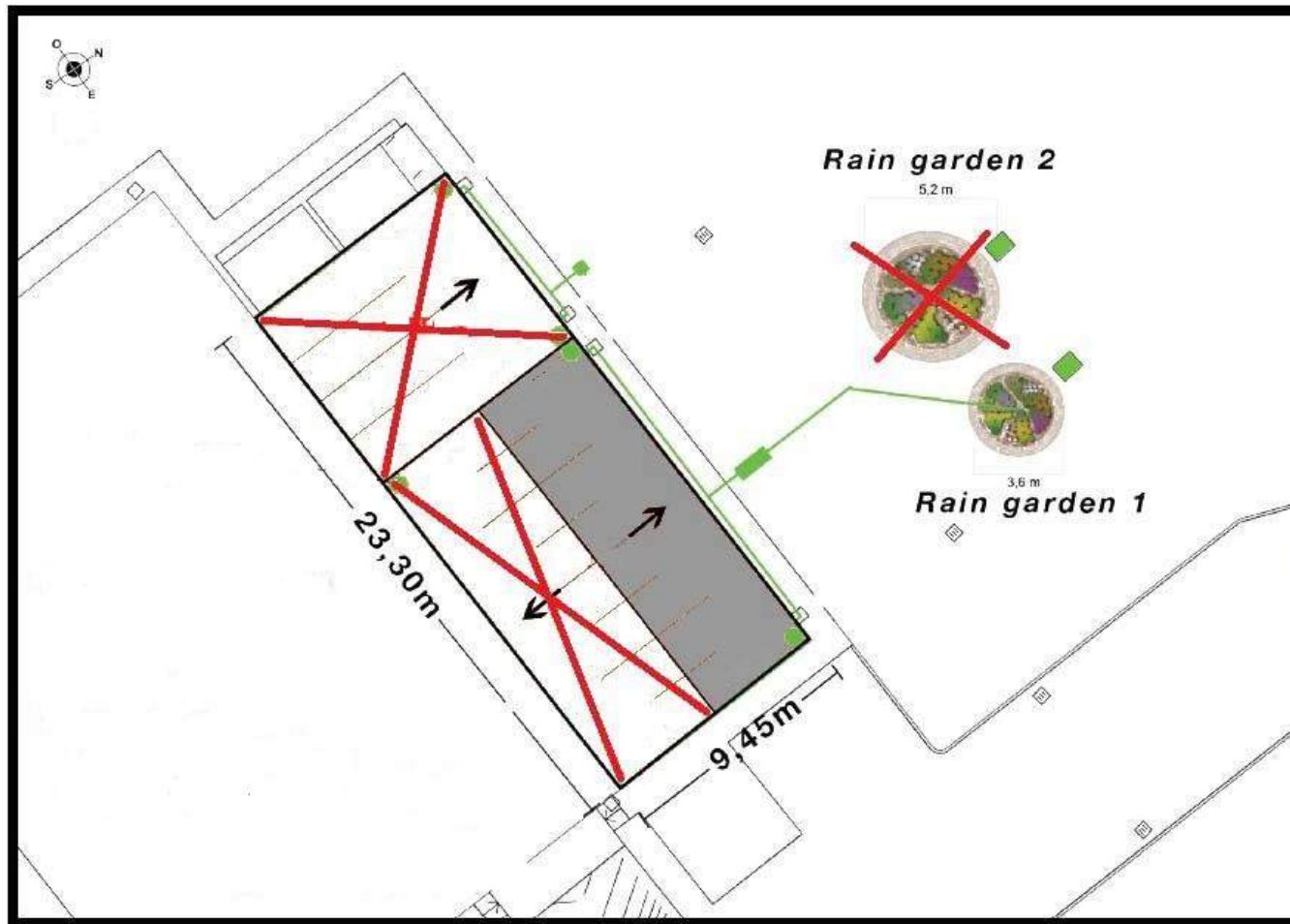


ET → estimated using WUCOLS method
(Costello et al., 2000)

$$ET = ET_0 * K_L$$

$$K_L = K_S * K_D * K_{MC} \quad \text{landscape coefficient}$$

Rain garden – MATERIAL AND METHODS



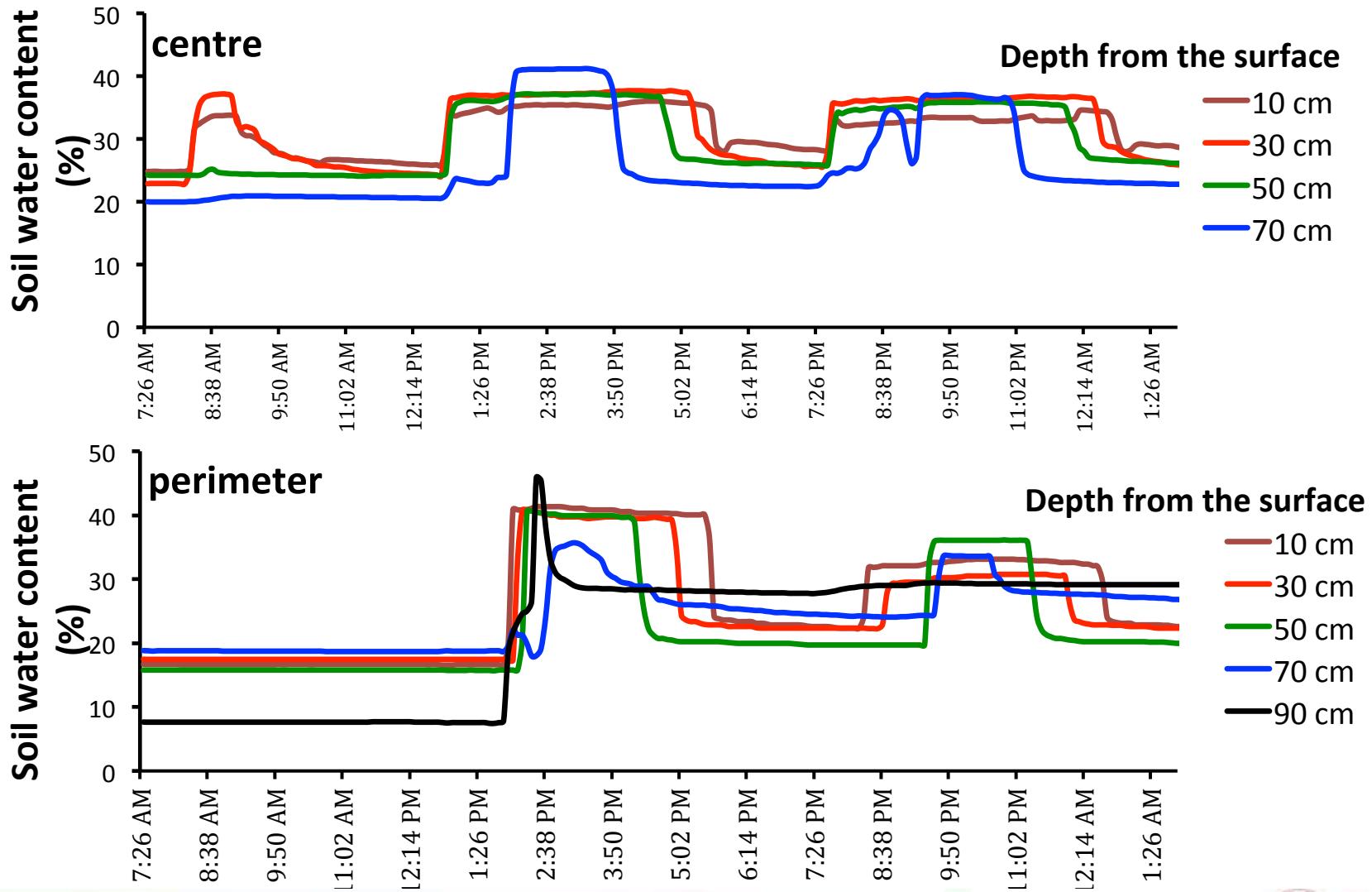
Rain garden - RESULTS

INFILTRATION = (RUNOFF + RAIN) – (ET + OVERFLOW)

% roof drainage area	Roof runoff (L)	Direct rain (L)	Overflow volumes (L) (% of total input)	Evapo-transpiration (% of total input)	Infiltrated volumes (% roof runoff)
10	42070	8030	950 (2%)	7540 (8%)	41 315 (98%)
15	99770	16380	5780 (0.5%)	9200 (8%)	101 170 (101%)
20	42070	4015	70 (-)	3770 (15%)	42 560 (101%)

High ability to manage stormwater runoff!

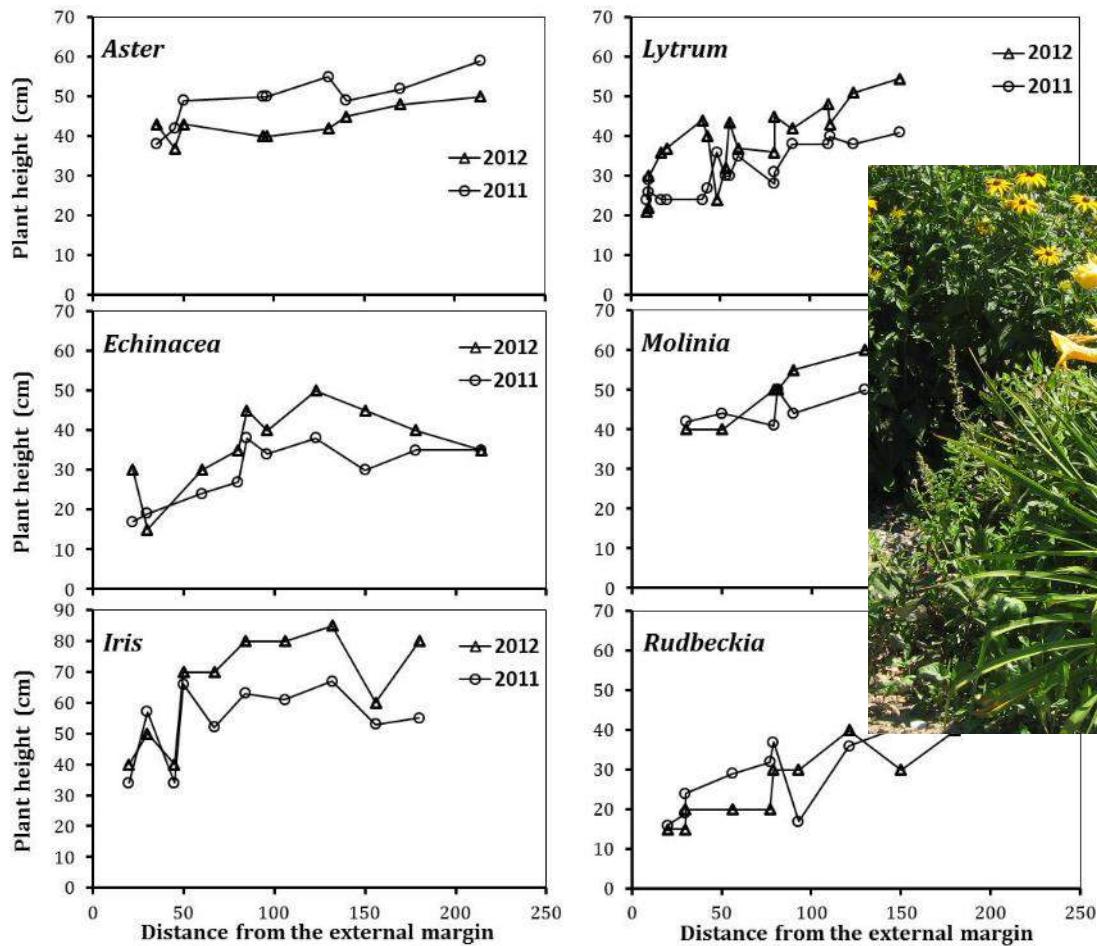
Rain garden - RESULTS



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Rain garden - RESULTS



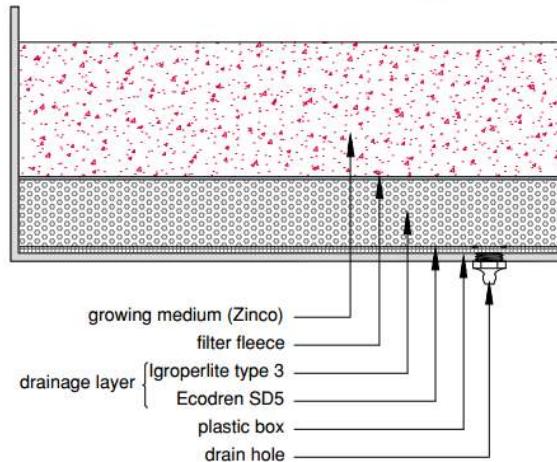


Green roof

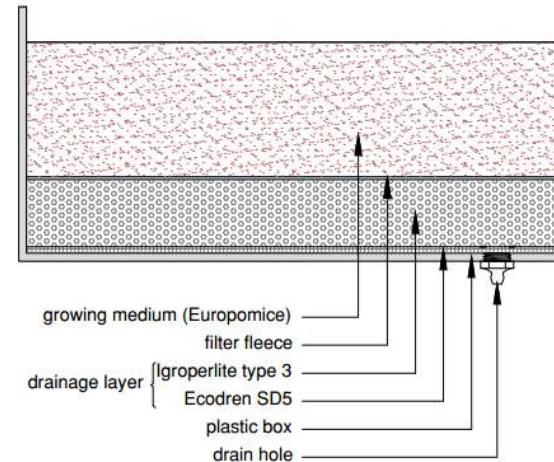


Green roofs – MATERIAL AND METHODS

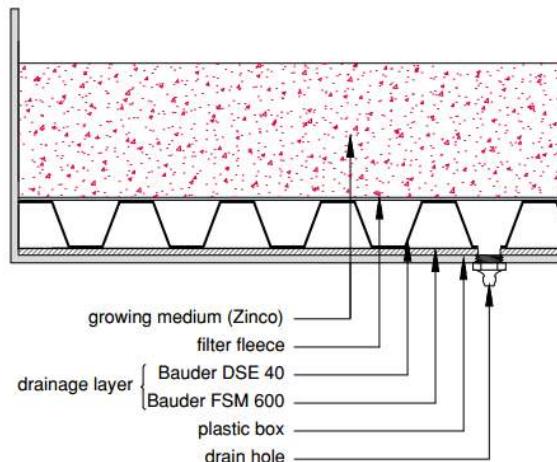
Recycled medium (Zinco) + Mineral layer (Perlite)



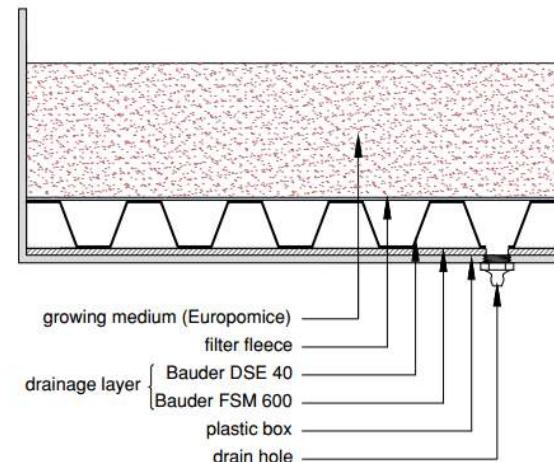
Volcanic medium (Vulcaflor) + Mineral layer (Perlite)



Recycled medium (Zinco) + Preformed layer (Bauder)



Volcanic medium (Vulcaflor) + Preformed layer (Bauder)



Green roofs – MATERIAL AND METHODS

A) Mix Sedum



- *Sedum acre*
- *Sedum reflexum*
- *Sedum sexangulare*
- *Sedum album*

B) Mix Herbaceous perennial



- *Euphorbia cyparissias*
- *Melica ciliata*
- *Potentilla pusilla*
- *Campanula spicata*
- *Bromus erectus*

C) Mix Suffruticose plants

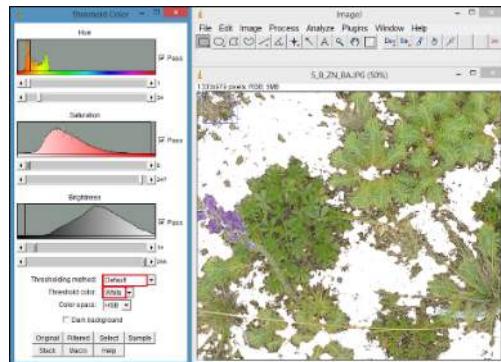


- *Dianthus sylvestris*
- *Dianthus carthusianorum*
- *Dianthus hyssopifolius*
- *Clinopodium nepeta*
- *Thymus serpyllum*
- *Anthemis tinctoria*
- *Artemisia alba*

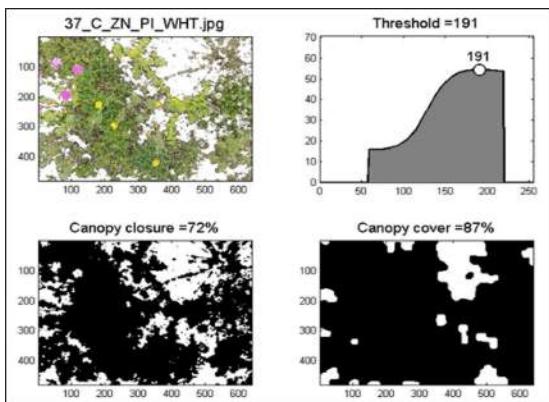
Green roofs – MATERIAL AND METHODS



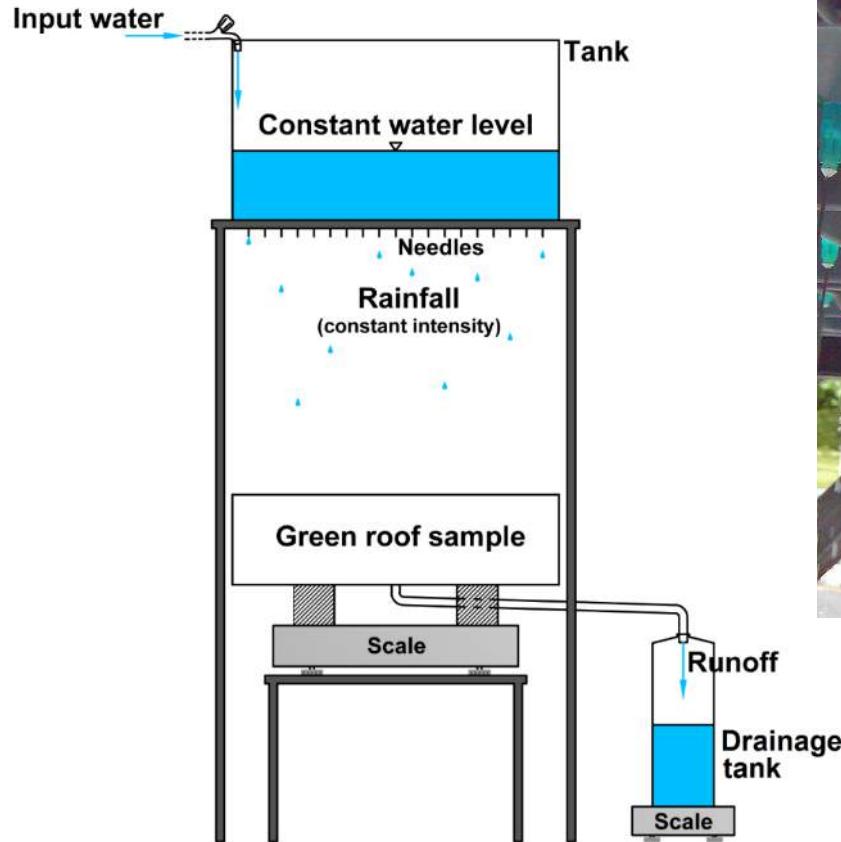
Software Image J



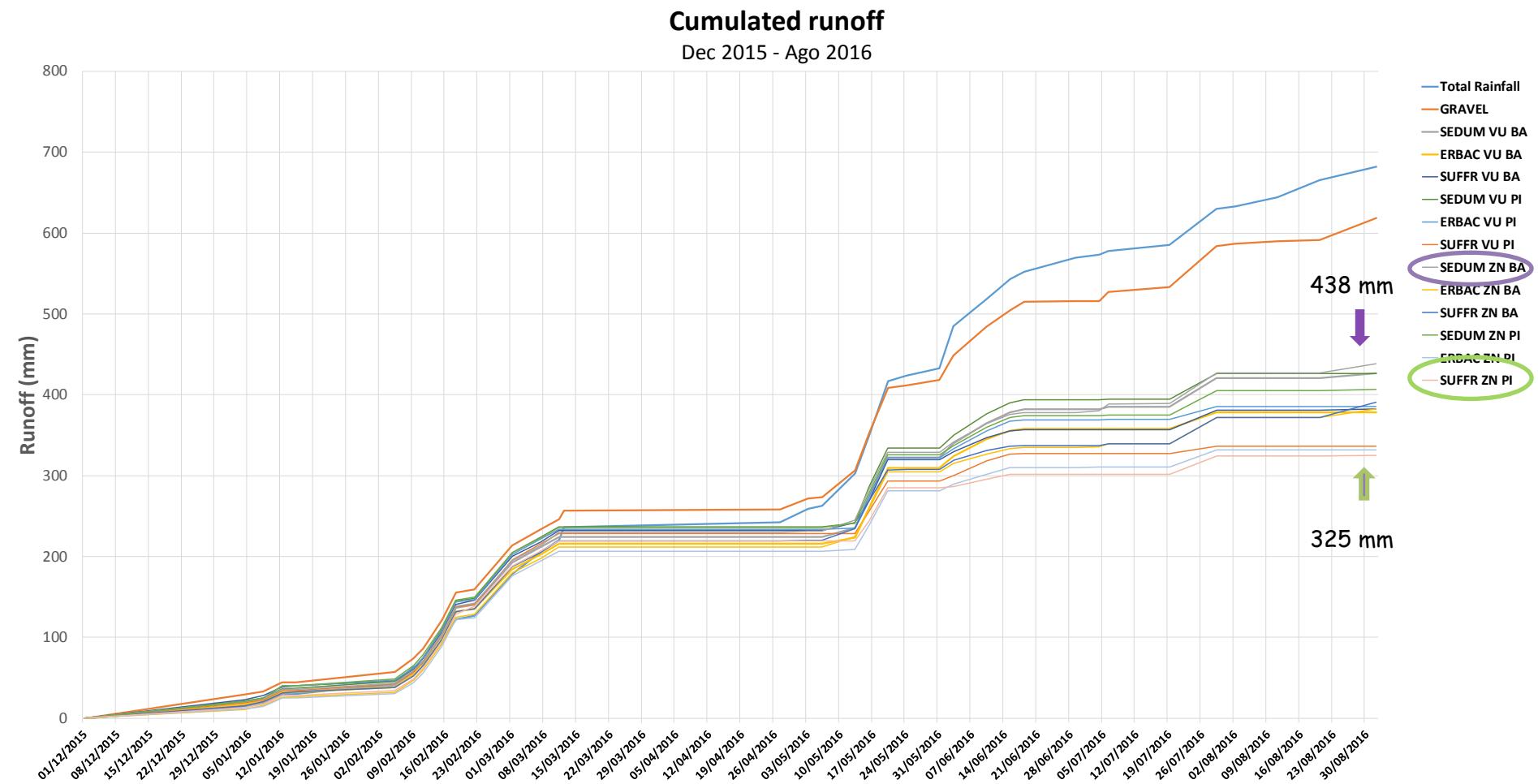
Software MatLab



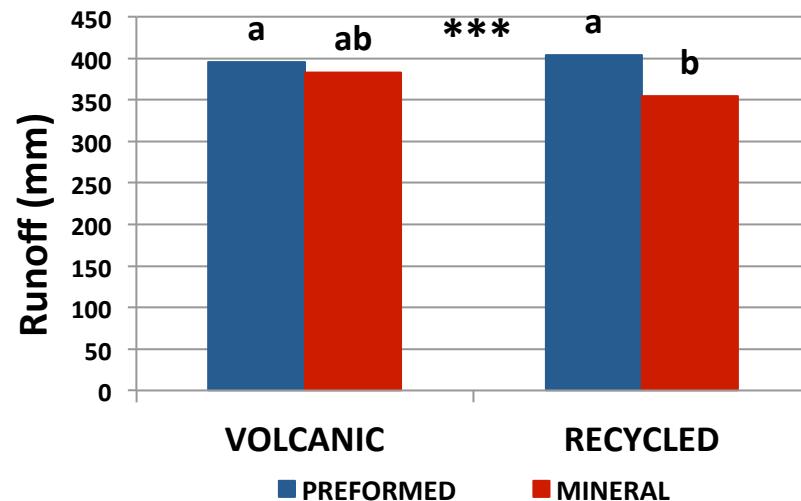
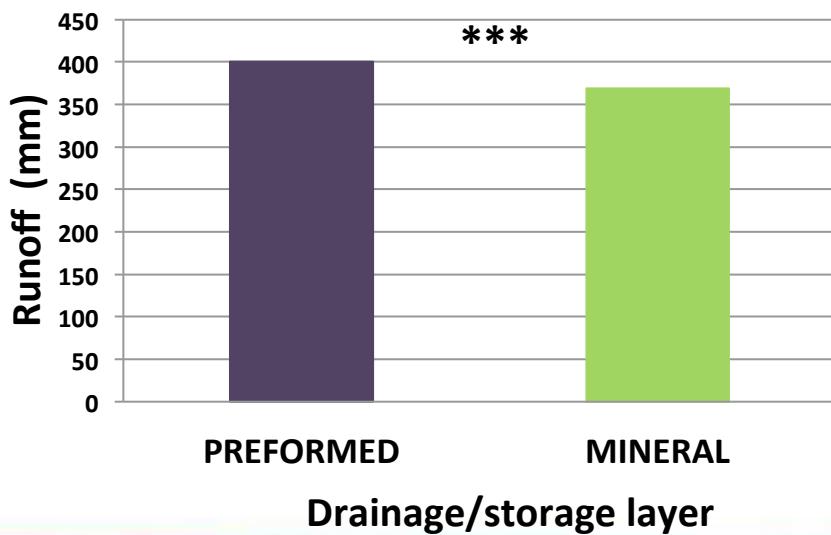
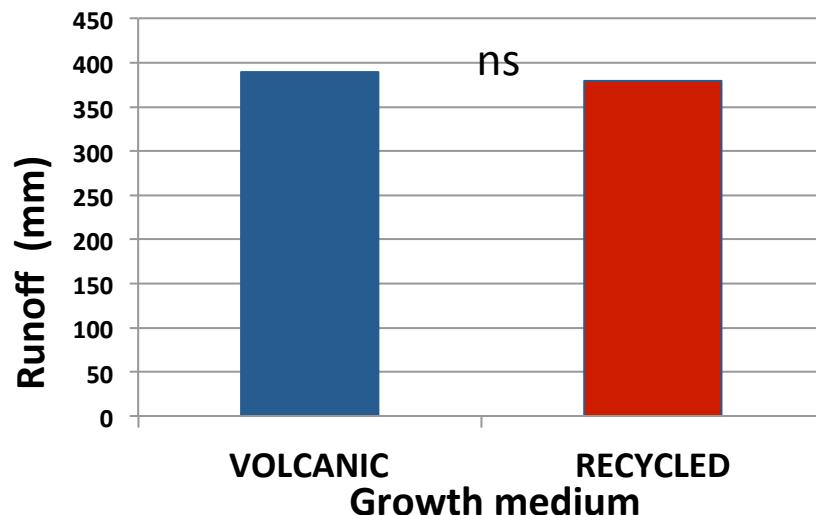
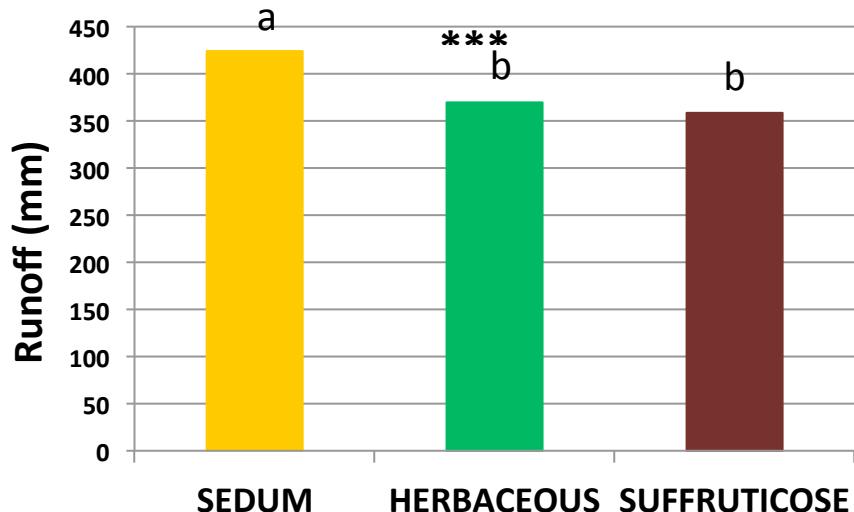
Green roofs - Laboratory tests



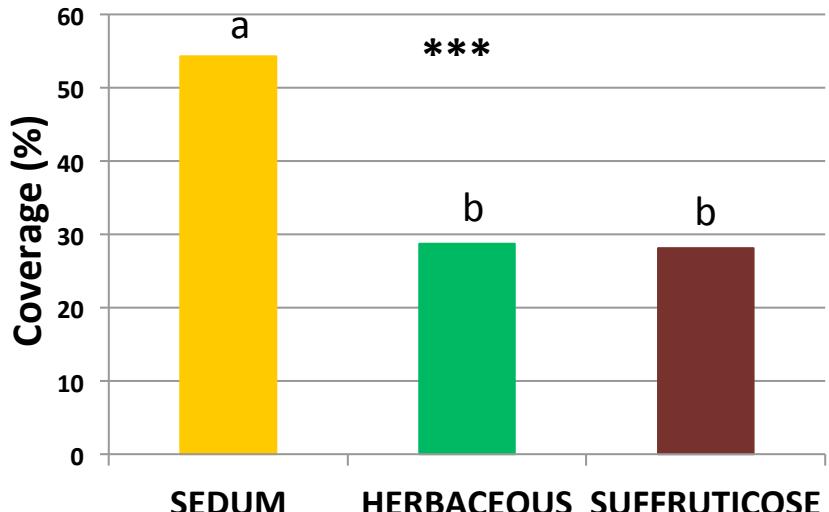
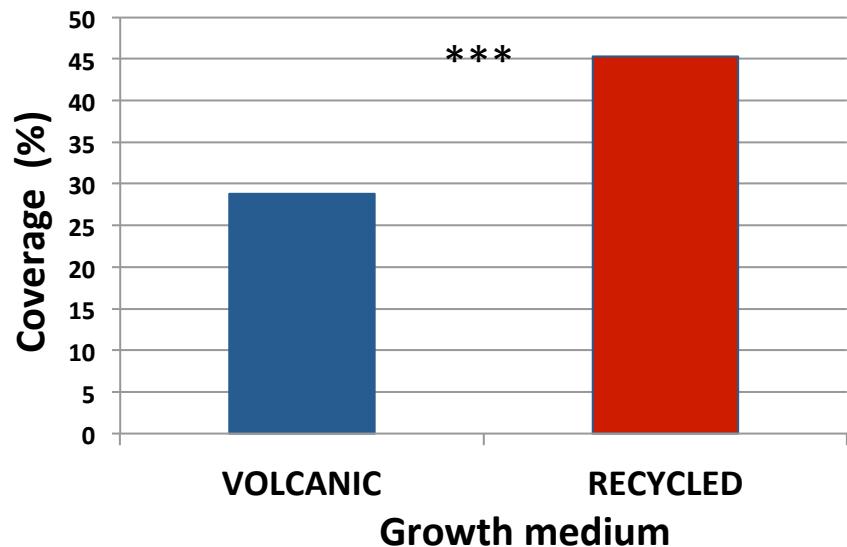
Green roofs - RESULTS



Green roofs - RESULTS



Green roofs - RESULTS



CONCLUSIONS

All the three systems have shown to be interesting solutions for the sustainable management of urban stormwater runoff

Now we hope to have overcome the main problems related to the correct measurements of the data

Our research will continue!



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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